University of California, Trvine Sleep Disorders Center

Accredited by The American Steep Disorders Association

NOCTURNAL POLYSOMNOGRAM REPORT

RE:

Patient:

GEORGE SOOHOO

Study Date:

September 13, 2000

MR #:

1458473

DOB:

11/28/53

History:

Mr. Soohoo has a history of snoring and is suspected of having sleep

арпса.

IMPRESSION:

SEVERE OBSTRUCTIVE SLEEP APNEA

DISCUSSION:

Mr. Soohoo exhibited snorts, gasps, and loud snoring while asleep. During his 1.8 hours of diagnostic sleep time, he experienced 135 scorable apneas and 0 minor respiratory events that resulted in arousals. His respiratory events produced severe oxygen desaturations, with an overall nadir of 40 %. 'The patient's Respiratory Disturbance Index (RDI) was 75/hour (normal is ≤5/hour).

The severity of Mr. Soohoo's sleep apnea prompted the technician to initiate a nasal CPAP titration. but he was switched to BiPAP to increase treatment continuity. BiPAP pressures ranged from 4/0 to 13/9 cm of water. Optimal BiPAP pressure appeared to be 12/9 cm of water when his apnea was effectively treated and sleep became consolidated.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

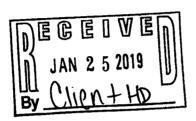
The severity of Mr. Soohoo's sleep apnea warrants immediate treatment. He should initiate a trial of nasal BiPAP set at a pressure of 12/9 cm water, using a medium sized Respironics Profile Lite mask. Follow-up two weeks and three months after the initiation of home BiPAP treatment may improve compliance and adjustment to BiPAP treatment.

I appreciate your referral of Mr. Sochoo for testing. Please feel free to call if you would like to discuss the test results in further detail.

Sincerely.

Peter A. Fotinakes, M.D.

Associate Clinical Professor, Neurology Fellow, American Board of Sleep Medicine



562-78-4407 **GEORGE SOOHOO**

September 13, 2000

UCI Sleep Disorders Center Nocturnal Polysomnography

OXIMETRY:

Baseline Waking O2 Saturation: 97 % Baseline Sleeping O2 Saturation: 96 % **U2** Desaturation Nadir 40 % (measured in real-time throughout the recording)

BIPAP TITRATION

BiPAP pressure range 4/0 to 13/9 cm of water pressure Optimal BiPAP pressure 12/9 cm of water pressure

ELECTROCARDIOGRAM:

Waking Heartrate: 68-74 60-68 Sleeping Heartrate: Tachy/Brady Ranges: None noted

Arrhythmias:

A rare PVC was noted from time to time.

LEG EMG:

0 Total PLMs PLM Arousals 0 PLM Arousal Index 0/hour

PHYSIOLOGICAL PARAMETERS:

EEG:

A normal EEG was noted throughout the recording.

EOG:

Normal eye movements were seen during wake and REM sleep.

Chin EMG:

Muscular activity was recording throughout the examination.

Snoring artifact was seen.

PATIENT'S DESCRIPTION OF SLEEP DURING THE TEST:

The patient estimated that it took 10 minutes to fall asleep, and that his total sleep time was 6.5 hours. He was aware of 3 arousals during the night. This night was felt to be a normal night's sleep.

PRETEST OUESTIONNAIRE:

An estimated 7, 8, and 7 hours of sleep were obtained on each of the three nights preceding this study. The patient admits to having one caffeinated beverage on the day of the test., but used no alcohol or tobacco.

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GEORGE SOOHOO September 13, 2000

UCI Sleep Disorders Center Nocturnal Polysomnography

PATIENT BACKGROUND

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HEIGHT: WEIGHT: 5' 3"

MEDICATIONS:

186 pounds Tricor, Norvasc, and vitamins.

PHYSIOLOGICAL PARAMETERS MEASURED

EEG (C3/A2, O2/A1), Left and Right FOG, EKG, Chin EMG, Anterior Tibialis EMG, Nasal and Buccal Airflow, Abdominal Chest Movement, Thoracic Chest Movement, and Pulse Oximetry.

SLEEP ARCHITECTURE

Sleep Parameters Sleep Latency Total Bed Time Total Sleep Time Total Wake Time Sleep Efficiency Index REM Latency Number of REM Cycles	Minutes 7 358 312 46	Normals (≤20 minutes) (≤20 minutes) (≥90) minutes	Misc. 6.0 hours 5.2 hours 0.8 hours 87 % 3 cycles
Number of Resid Cycles			į •

Sleep onset Awakening	<u>Laboratory</u> 12:25 a.m. 6:15 a.m.	<u>Typical</u> 11:00 p.m. 7:00 a.m.
U.M. GUENINE		

Steep Stage Scoring Stage 1 Stage 2 Stage 3/4 Stage REM	Minutes	Percentage	Normals (%)
	19	6 %	(5·15)
	166	53 %	(45·50)
	56	18 %	(0·20)
	71	23 %	(15-25)

COMMENTS ON SLEEP ARCHITECTURE The sleep stage distribution was normal. Total Sleep Time decreased, but Sleep Efficiency Index was normal. Sleep latency was decreased. Latency to REM onset was shortened. Sleep was highly fragmented by respiratory disturbances.

RESPIRATION:	DIAGNOSTIC PORTION
KESPINA I IVAI	1.8 hrs.
Diagnostic sleep time	8-14
Respiratory Rate:	135
Total Obstructive Events:	30-60 seconds
Average Event Duration:	JO-00 Heromer
Total Central Events:	ก็
Minor Respiratory Arousals:	75/hour
Annea Index:	75/hour (Normal
Disturbance Index:	7 my 1117 mm /-

Apneas/hypopneas represent a cessation/30% reduction of airflow for at least 10 seconds, associated with a 3% Respiratory Disturbance Index: decrease in oxygen saturation, and an arousal. Minor respiratory arousals represent K-complexes, increased EMG or bursts of atpha rhythms associated with a respiratory disturbance insufficient to be counted as an apnea or hypopnea.

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DEPARTMENT OF NEUROLOGY

UCI SLEEP DISORDERS CENTER REQUEST FOR RELEASE OF MEDICAL RECORDS

Please Reply to: Sleep Disorders Center University of California Irvine Medical Center Rte. 23, Bldg. 22C 101 The City Drive Orange, California 92888-9969 (714) 456-5105

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PATIENT'S FULL NAME (ALSO LIST MAIDEN NAME IF APPLICABLE) GROWGS SDORGS SDORGS	DATE OF REQUEST
UC: PF# MR. 1458473-1 SNC: 200 CROES FRE 11/28/1953 M F/C: N BLUE CROES FRE 11/28/1953	MALE FEMALE
SOCIAL SECURIT 20:30 Sec C : 114 NOTES ATTN: FOTTMARKS, PETER NEURO	DATE OF BIRTH
TREATMENT DATES BEING REQUESTED	
PRESENT ADDRESS & PHONE NUMBER OF PATIENT	
REASON FOR RECORDS RELEASE	
NAME OF ADDRESS OR AGENCY TO WHOM RECORDS ARE BE	ING RELSASED
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Stars allocker 4-5-01	•
SIGNATURE AND DATE	WITNESS' SIGNATURE AND DATE
THIS FORM MUST BE COMPLETED IN FULL BE	FORE INFORMATION CAN BE RELEASED